IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

V.

CRIMINAL NO. 07-446 (ADC)

WILTON HIDALGO-CRUZ,

Defendant.

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Defendant Wilton Hidalgo-Cruz was charged in Count Four (4) of a four (4) counts Indictment and has agreed to plead guilty to Count Four (4) under a straight plea. Count Four charges that, on or about October 20, 2007, in the District of Puerto Rico and elsewhere and within the jurisdiction of this Court, the defendant herein, aided and abetted by each other, being aliens without authorization to enter the United States, entered the United States at a place other than a designated Port of Entry by Immigration Officers, all in violation of Title 8, United States Code, Section 1325(a)(1) and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.

Defendant appeared before this Magistrate Judge on January 28, 2008, since the Rule 11 hearing was referred by the court. Defendant was provided with the Waiver of Right to Trial which he signed and agreed upon voluntarily after examination in open court, under oath.¹

Defendant indicated and confirmed his intention to plead guilty to Count Four of the Indictment, upon being advised of his right to have said proceedings before a district judge of

¹ The form entitled Consent to Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge in a Misdemeanor Case for Pleading Guilty (Rule 11, Fed.R.Crim.P.), Waiver of Trial, and Waiver of Thirty Days to Prepare for Trial signed and consented by both parties is made part of the record.

United States v. Wilton Hidalgo-Cruz Criminal No. 07-446(ADC) Report and Recommendation

Page No. 2

this court. Upon verifying through defendant's statement his age, education and any relevant aspect as to the use of medication, drugs, alcohol or substance dependency, and psychological or psychiatric condition, to ascertain his capacity and ability to understand, answer and comprehend the interactive colloquy with this Magistrate Judge, a determination was made as to defendant's competency and ability to understand the proceedings.

Having further advised defendant of the charges contained in above-stated Count Four, he was examined and verified as being correct that: he had consulted with his counsel, Attorney Jorge Maldonado-Ríos, prior to the hearing for change of plea, that he was satisfied with the services provided by his legal representative and had time to discuss with him all aspects of the case, insofar, among other things, regarding the change of plea, the consent to proceed before a United States Magistrate Judge, the content of the Indictment and charges therein, his constitutional rights and the consequences of the waiver of same.

Defendant was specifically appraised by this Magistrate Judge that, upon withdrawing his initial plea of not guilty and now entering a plea of guilty to the charges specified, he was waiving his right to a public, speedy, and a trial by jury constituted by twelve jurors who have to unanimously agree to a verdict. He was also waiving his right to be presumed innocent and for the government to meet the obligation of establishing his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Furthermore, he was waiving his right during said trial to confront the witnesses who were to testify against him and be able to cross-examine them, through counsel at said trial, as well as present evidence on his behalf. He was also waiving the right to compel the attendance of witnesses and that subpoenas be issued to have them appear in court to testify. Defendant was

United States v. Wilton Hidalgo-Cruz

Criminal No. 07-446(ADC)
Report and Recommendation

Page No. 3

specifically appraised of his right to take the stand and testify, if he so decided, or not to testify, and no inference or decision as to his guilt could be made from the fact if he decides not to testify. Defendant was also explained his right not to incriminate himself; that upon such a waiver of all above-discussed rights a judgment of guilty and his sentence were to be based on his plea of guilty, and he would be sentenced by the judge after considering the information contained in a pre-sentence report. Defense counsel indicated defendant was waiving the presentence report to be promptly sentenced.

As to all the above, defendant provided an individualized and positive acknowledgment of each and every waiver and, with the assistance of his counsel, Attorney Jorge Maldonado-Ríos, indicated he freely and voluntarily waived those rights and understood the consequences. During all this colloquy, defendant was made aware that he could freely request from this Magistrate Judge any additional clarification, repetition, or ask questions and that he may consult with his attorney at any given time as to any issue.

Defendant expressed his understanding of the penalties prescribed by statute for the offense as to which he was pleading guilty. The penalty for the offense as to Count Four, as charged, is a term of imprisonment of not more than six (6) months, a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) and a mandatory penalty assessment of ten dollars (\$10.00), per count.

Insofar as Count Four as to which defendant already was aware of the maximum possible penalties, defendant was appraised that it was up to the sole discretion of the sentencing court what the sentence to be imposed on him will be. Defendant was specifically

United States v. Wilton Hidalgo-Cruz

Criminal No. 07-446(ADC) Report and Recommendation

Page No. 4

informed that if the sentencing court were to impose a sentence which turned out to be higher or more severe than the one he might be expecting, for said reason alone, defendant would have no grounds for the court to allow him to withdraw his plea of guilty.

The government presented to this Magistrate Judge and to defendant, assisted by his counsel, a summary of the basis in fact for the offense charged and the evidence the government had available to establish, in the event defendant had elected to go to trial, the commission of the offense, beyond a reasonable doubt. Counsel and defendant acknowledged the evidence of the government was fully disclosed to them and previously discussed between them. Defendant was able to understand the explanation and agreed with the government's submission.

Having once more ascertained that defendant indicated not being induced to plead guilty, and was entering such a plea because in fact he is guilty, without any promises or predictions being made as to the sentence to be imposed by the court, defendant was informed that parole has been abolished under the applicable Sentencing Reform Act and that any sentence of imprisonment would be served, without him being released on parole. Depending on the facts found by the court at the time and the sentence imposed, both defendant and the government may appeal the sentence of the court.

Defendant was advised that, since he is illegally in this country, he could be subject to deportation or removal proceedings upon conviction.

Defendant was read in open court and shown the Indictment, indicating he availed himself of the opportunity to further discuss same with his attorney and he positively stated that

United States v. Wilton Hidalgo-Cruz

Criminal No. 07-446(ADC)
Report and Recommendation

Page No. 5

what was contained in Count Four of the Indictment was what he had done and to which he was pleading guilty during these proceedings. Thereupon, defendant indicated he was pleading guilty to Count Four of the Indictment in Criminal No. 07-446 (ADC).

This Magistrate Judge after having explained to defendant his rights, ascertaining that he was acting freely and voluntarily to the waiver of such rights and in his decision of pleading guilty under a straight plea, with full knowledge of the consequences thereof, and there being a basis in fact for such a plea, is recommending that a plea of guilty be entered as to Count Four of the Indictment in Criminal No. 07-446 (ADC).

IT IS SO RECOMMENDED.

The sentence will be scheduled promptly before Honorable Aida Delgado-Colón, District Court Judge.

San Juan, Puerto Rico, this 28th day of January of 2008.

s/ CAMILLE L. VELEZ-RIVE CAMILLE L. VELEZ-RIVE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE